Numb. 359.

THE Pennsylvania GAZETTE.

Containing the freshest Advices Foreign and Domestick.

From October 16. to October 23. 1735.

MODENA, *July* 13.

THE Spaniards have opened Trenches before Mirandola, and are battering it with 22 Cannon and 8 Mortars. This City which lies about 23 Miles N. from hence, and 26 S. E. of Mantua, is pleasantly situated, in a Country abounding with Corn and Wine, and the Inhabitants are both courteous and brave.

The Town which stands about 10 Miles S. of the Po, is small but well fortified, and defended with a strong Castle. The last Duke put himself under the protection of the House of Bourbon in the Beginning of the late War; but in 1701 the City receiv'd a German Garrison, till the Year 1705, when the French took it, after a long Blocade, and at last a formal Siege, in which they were frequently annoyed by the Sallies of the Besieged; and the Imperialists made several Attempts, tho' in vain to succour them. But the French evacuated it to the Emperor in 1707, as well as the rest of the Towns in Lombardy pursuant to a Treaty with Prince Eugene.

The greatest Ornament of this Country was the famous *Johannes Picus Mirandulanus*, whose Life was penned by Sir *Thomas More*.

How the City acquired so wonderful a Name, we learn by a remarkable Story which is related by good Authors, such as *Franciscus*, *Leander*, and *Albatus*, from whom it is also quoted by Mr. *Lassels*, at the End of his Voyage to Italy; where he says we must not Wonder if this Story look like a Romance, seeing Romances now a-Days look like true Stories. We shall relate it to supply the Defect of modern Occurrences.

CONSTANTIUS *the Emperor, Son of* Constantine *the great, had a Daughter called* Euridis; *who being grown up in Years, fell in Love with* Manfred, *a Courtier of her Uncle* Constantine, *an handsome, well bred Gentleman.* Manfred *was both Courtier enough, and wise enough to understand this to be no small Honour; and therefore embrac'd her Affection with a corresponding Flame. In a Word, they meet often; talk of it; give mutual Promises; make all the Money they can and Jewels, and flee away secretly. They come into* Italy, *land at* Naples, *from thence go to* Ravenna, *and at last pitch upon this Country where now* Mirandola *stands. It was then a Place overspread with Thickets and Under-Woods; but there was some Pastures for Sheep, and Cottages for Shepherds. Here then they chose to live privately, and to converse with none but Country Swains and Shepherds. Blind Love whither dost thou hurry Princesses, to make them prefer Cottages beyond Courts! At last with their Money they buy Land; and* Manfred *grew soon to that Authority among his Neighbours, that they chuse him for their Head, and recur unto him upon all Occasions, for his Advice and Protection. In the mean time (having solemnly married* Euridis *at his Arrival in* Italy) *she brings him forth three Sons at once,* Picus, Pius, *and* Papazzo; *and* Manfred *grows far more considerable daily in these Parts. At last the Emperor* Constantius *coming into* Italy *upon his Occasions, and being complimented by all the several Provinces thereof; this Province, among the rest, chose* Manfred *as their Ambassador to the said Emperor, to carry him the Tender of their Respects and Homage.* Manfred *accepted of the Employment, and carried himself so gallantly in the Ambassy, that the Emperor Knighted him, and upon further Trial of his Worth, raised him to high Favour.* Manfred *seeing the Realities of the Emperor, thought it now high Time to discover himself to him: Wherefore, casting himself one Day at the Emperor's Feet, and begging his Pardon, he discovered himself to him, and told him his whole Story and Adventure. At first the Emperor was a little troubled; but finding such Freedom and Gallantry in his Carriage, mingled with such humble Ingenuity in the Confession of his Fault, he not only pardon'd what was past, but presently sent for* Euridis *and her Children to come to him, and live at Court with him. This done, he makes* Manfred

Count

Count and Marquis of a great Part of these Countries, and gave him leave to build Towns and Castles there; and for his Arms gives him the black Eagle. In fine, in Memory of the three Children born so wonderfully at one Birth, he commands that the chief Town should be called Miranda. *After the Death of* Constantius, Manfred *and his Lady returned with great Riches unto their old Dwelling-Place, and there began to build* Miranda, *which, in process of Time, was called* Mirandola.

Mantua, July 13. N. S. Hitherto the Enemy suffer all manner of Persons to go in and out of this City, after having examin'd them: They have even granted Passage to the Couriers; and the Duke de Montemar has sent our Governor some Provisions, but the Allies do not permit Provisions to enter this Place. Notwithstanding at the Opening of the Gates, some Peasants present themselves with some Goods of that Sort.

Petersburgh, July 12. The Ministers of England and Holland have again solicited the Court to set the Marquis de Monti at Liberty, upon reasonable Terms, because this Step would soften the Court of France and facilitate a Pacification; but they received for Answer, That it was the Resolution of her Czarian Majesty, not to consider the Marquis de Monti as an Ambassador..

Heidelberg, July 31. We have received Advice, that the first Column of the Russian Troops, consisting of 13,000 effective Men, was already arrived in the Bishoprick of Wurtzbourg, and that the second Column, consisting of 17,000, had also reached the Frontiers of Bohemia.

LONDON, *July* 29.

Four Pieces of Cannon, with a Detachment of 2000 Men, have been order'd from Dresden towards the Confines of the High Palatinate; some say to prevent the Desertion of the Russian Troops; others attribute this Step to have been taken by Way of Precaution, from the Receipt of certain Advices, that notwithstanding the present seeming Disposition of the Elector of Bavaria, he has caus'd 500 of his Troops to be assembled in those Quarters. The Diet of Ratisbon had shewn itself so entirely satisfy'd with the Conduct of Prince Eugene, as to grant him a Roman Month extraordinary by Way of Present.

Notwithstanding the Endeavours of Admiral Norris at Lisbon, and of Mr. Keene at Madrid, to bring about an Accommodation between those two Courts, there still subsists so high a Resentment, that all Communication between the Subjects of each of these Powers is forbid upon Pain of Death; and the Spaniards have hang'd several of their Peasants, for having only sold Provisions to the Portuguese.

Prince Eugene is fortifying Dourlach, and all the other Posts in the Neighbourhood of Wirtemberg.

Our Correspondent writes, that the King of Sweden is to furnish the French King with 16,000 Men.

From Dantzick they write, that the Magistrates have refus'd to pay the 50,000 Crowns assign'd on them by King Augustus in Favour of the Duke of Saxe-Weissenfels, until Wechselmunde is restor'd to them.

We hear from Stockholm, that Count de Castejo the French Ambassador, has had a particular Audience of the King of Sweden, at the Castle of Carelberg, and then deliver'd his most Christian Majesty's Act of Ratification to the Treaty concluded between those Princes; towards the bringing about of which, 'tis thought Count Horne and Monf. l'Argent have not a little contributed. This Treaty consists of 16 Articles, one of which is to remain secret. M. Bestunef, Minister of Russia at the Court of Sweden, takes no Pains to have this Alliance communicated to him, but contents himself with representing; That her Czarish Majesty's Sea and Land Forces were powerful enough to maintain the Peace of the North, to preserve the Equilibrium which at present subsisted there, and to guarantee the security of Commerce. The Officers which were sent two Months ago to inspect the Condition of the Magazines in Finland, being return'd, have reported them to be very ill provided; his Swedish Majesty has thereupon order'd Sums out of his Treasury to buy Corn, *&c.* sufficient for their Supply.

The Marshal Coigny's Army having impoverish'd the Place where it is at present encamp'd, is going to move to another Part of the Country; so that if the Armistice proposed by the French, should take Place, there is nothing more true, then that Germany would be still miserable, even in a profound Tranquility, by the Continuance of the French Troops among them.

Private Letters by the last Post from Fribourg say, that it had been resolv'd in a Council of War, to send 10,000 Men from the Imperial Army in the Neighbourhood of that City to Italy.

From Vienna that the Russian Forces are expected in Prince Eugene's Camp the 12th Instant, after which his Highness will endeavour to give the French Battle. Count Konigsegg is going to Hanover to confer with the King of England how to recover Italy. That the French Envoy in Prussia is endeavouring to get the King of Prussia to come into the League between France and Sweden.

July 31. We hear that the English Fleet under the Command of Sir John Norris, will return to England the latter end of next Month.

We hear that the Earl of Pomfret will be made Governor of the Island of Barbadoes, in the room of the Lord Viscount Howe, deceas'd.

From Liege of the 26th, that the French make a Shew of coming down to the lower Rhine

Rhine and the Moſelle; but be that as it will, they have got a great Number of Gridirons together at Oppenheim, to make their Bullets red hot, in order to force the Inhabitants of Mentz to bring in their Contributions, to prevent a Bombardment.

Letters from Vienna, tell us, that the Emperor had written to Prince Eugene of Savoy, to know the Reaſon of his tarrying ſo long in his Camp at Bruſchal; and they add, that that Prince anſwered his Imperial Majeſty, 'That he ought not to be ſurprized that he had not changed his Camp: That he had very good Reaſons to determine him otherwiſe; and that in the State Affairs were at preſent, he was more afraid of his Enemies within Doors, tho' not declared, than thoſe he had in Sight, whoſe Motions he watches.

From Frankfort we have a Confirmation of what is ſaid of the Ruſſians. The Terms of their Paſſage were not agreed 'tis true; but they were nevertheleſs ordered to go on. Wherefore, as they obſerve, 'tis doubtful, whether the Accomodation between the Emperor and Elector be ſo nigh, or not. However, 'tis not aſſured, that Count Konigſegg will neither go to Munich nor to Hanover, but return to Tyrol, where his Army is to be reinforced with 20,000 Men. The French Army upon the Rhine has been reinforced with 6000 Horſe. The Marſhal de Coigny had got a Detachment of 10,000, and furniſhed them with Bread for ten Days, ſuppoſed to be deſigned to paſs the Rhine.

Mirandola ſurrendered to the Allies after the Loſs of 1200 Men.

Extract of a Letter from *Paris*.

Advices from Holland ſay, that the Armiſtice was entirely rejected: But this by no Means agrees with other News, which ſays that it was agreed to by all Parties, and that the Congreſs was to be held at St. Germain en Laye. There is no doubt but our good Cardinal ſincerely deſires Peace, and neglects nothing to obtain it on reaſonable Conditions. Some People take upon them to ſay, that through theſe good diſpoſitions, we ſuffer ourſelves to be amus'd, and omit the faireſt Opportunities whilſt the Emperor is ſtrengthening himſelf, and putting his Affairs in the beſt Poſture to oppoſe us. The Elector of Bavaria had conſented to the Paſſage of the Ruſſian Troops through the High Palatinate by ſingle Regiments, but upon the Approach of the Imperial Forces towards his Frontiers, his Electoral Highneſs was obliged to permit them to paſs in larger Bodies.

An Extract of a Letter, dated July 2, from a Gentleman of Alt Waffer in Moravia, in relation to the Ruſſian Troops.

I Acquit myſelf, with Pleaſure, of the Requeſt you make me to give you ſome Account of the Ruſſian Troops; 3000 of them marching within a League of this Place the 27th of laſt Month has very well enabled me to gratify your Curioſity therein. Permit me in the firſt Place to reprove you for making uſe of the Word Muſcovite, *which perhaps you, and many others, employ without any Deſign of Offence; but I obſerv'd that they were much better pleas'd to be called Ruſſians, therefore pray give them this little Satisfaction. The People of this Province had form'd ſuch frightful Ideas of theſe Troops, that the Inhabitants of the Villages where they were to halt, were ſeiz'd at their Approach with Terror; but were agreeably ſurpriz'd, to find the Ruſſians to be Men eaſily ſatisfy'd, gentle and human, and from whom they did not receive the leaſt Prejudice. They paid the current Price for all the Proviſions they had occaſion to buy; and the very People who but juſt before had entertain'd ſuch dreadful Apprehenſions of them, own'd, that they had rather have* 3000 *Ruſſian Soldiers amongſt them than* 300 *of any other Country. They ſeem to be under the moſt exact Diſcipline. The Field Officers wear on their Breaſt, a Silver Buſto of a Woman, repreſenting Ruſſia; the inferior Officers wear the ſame in Copper. The Arms of the private Men are a lare Fuzee, a Sword in the faſhion of a Sabre, and a Bayonet. Their Drums are of Braſs, and very large; and their Colours for Embroidery and other Ornaments, are the fineſt and richeſt I ever ſaw. Part of theſe Troops are cloathed in Green faced with red, the other Part in blue faced with red. The Grenadiers are as large Men as the Imperial, but the Soldiers rather leſs. They are for the moſt Part middle ſiz'd Men, and few I obſerv'd but what ſtoop'd a little in the Shoulders. I had the Honour of converſing above four Hours with the Generals Keith and Leith, Col. Puthholtz, and ſeveral other Officers, and the Ladies of ſome of them, and therein had great Satisfaction. This is all I am preſent able to give you concerning the Ruſſians.*

Cuſtom-Houſe, New-York, *Octo.* 20. *Entred in.*

Pruden from St. Chriſtophers, Leacraft and Fowler from Coracoa, Keirſted from Jamaica, Bloom from Coracoa.

Entred out. Hannay for So-Carolina, Jeffery for Dublin, Sam. Bourdet, jun. for Briſtol.

Cleared. Phœnix to Coracoa, Griffith and Beekman to Boſton.

PHILADELPHIA, October 23.

Sunday laſt a young Lad about 18 Years of Age, being out a fowling, and getting over a Fence with his Hand on the Muzzel of the Gun, ſome Twigs entangled with the Trigger, and gave Fire, ſo that his Hand was ſhot and mangled exceedingly, and was cut off the ſame Day.

Cuſtom-Houſe, Philadelphia, *Entred in.*

(Bermuda.

Sloop Charming Peggy, Tho. Witter, fr. N-Providence &
Brigt. Olive Branch, James Coultas, from Guernſey.
Ship Speedy, David Davis, from Jamaica.
Scooner Chriſtiana, James Bowyer, from No-Carolina.
Brigt. Mulberry, Peter Nihil, from London.
Ship Endeavour, Lawrence Dent, from Cadiz.
----- Neptune, Thomas Needs, from Madeira.

Entred out.

Ship Seaflower, William Heaſleton, for the Mediterranean.
--- Neptune, John Reeve, for Jamaica.
Sloop Speedwell, Richard Painter, for Virginia.
Ship Ruby Gally, Joſeph Arthur, for Antigua.
Brigt Jennet, William Fielding, for Barbadoes.
Ship Jane, John Richmond, for So-Carolina.

Cleared.

Cleared.

Ship Ranger, Joſeph Topp, to Madeira.
Sloop Eliz. and Mary, William Pitman, to Antigua.
------ Mary and Eliz. Briſtow Brown, to Bermuda.
Ship Tryal, Robert Brown, to Belfaſt.
----- Stork Gally, Thomas Hogg, to Lisbon.

Advertiſements.

ALL *Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of* Humphry Murry *late of* Philadelphia *deceas'd, are deſired to come and pay their reſpective Debts to the Executors* William Allen *and* Edward Shippen; *and ſuch as have any Demands on the ſaid Eſtate are deſired to bring in their Accounts.*

There is to be ſold by the ſaid Executors, two Houſes and Lots, at the lower End of Front Street near the Draw-Bridge, where the Widow Crap *now dwells. A Plantation at* Neſhaminy, *where* Moſes Marſhal *now lives, containing* 150 *Acres.* 500 *Acres of Land in the Townſhip of* Limerick, *in* Pennſylvania. 625 *Acres of Land on a Branch of* Delaware, *called* Loakoling, *being Part of the Lotting Purchaſe No.* 57, *in the Townſhip of* Amwel, *in* Hunterdon *County*, Weſt New-Jerſey. *And* 1420 *Acres near* Whipany *on both Sides* Rohaway River, *in the County and Province aforeſaid. Alſo a new Still containing* 60 *Gallons, with a Worm and Tub.*

To be SOLD,

BY Nathaniel French *in the Second Street,*

Fine taſted Jamaica Rum, by the Cask, at 3 s. 4 d. *per Gallon: And at* 3 s. 10 d. *by the ſmaller Quantity. As alſo neat hiſtorical Chimney Tiles at* 3 s. 6 d *per doz. Likewiſe figur'd Iron Chimney Backs. Philad. Octo.* 2. 1735.

To be Sold,

A Very good Fulling-Mill at *Fiſhing-Creek*, in the County of *Cape-May*, with all the Materials; as Preſs, Sheers, Tenters, and Copper: With one hundred Acres of Land. Enquire of *Richard Downs.*

STRAY'D or Stolen the 2d of this Inſt. from *Daniel Rodney's* Paſture, at *Dover*, two Horſes. The one branded with I H on the near Shoulder, and a Scar of a Fiſtula on the off Shoulder, large Main and long Switch Tail. The other branded with L T on the near Buttock. Whoever brings the ſaid Horſes to *Daniel Rodney* at *Dover*, or to *John Aſſon* at *Lewistown*, ſhall have *three Pounds* Reward and reaſonable Charges paid by

Sept. 20. *John Aſſon.*

ALL *Perſons indebted to* Reeſe Meredith, *are deſired to come and ſettle with him, and pay their reſpective Balances, he deſigning to leave the Place by the firſt convenient Opportunity.*

To be ſold by ſaid Meredith, *at his ſtore on* Wm. Fiſhbourn's *Wharff, Three quarter Garlicks, plain and corded Dimities, broad and narrow ſhalloons, Tammys, worſted and cotten Caps, Men's, Women's and Children's ſtockings, ſtuffs, Calimincoes, Crapes, ſagathees, Mohair and Buttons, Metal Ditto, Fine Hats, Bohea and Green Tea, Coffee, ſingle and Double refin'd ſugar, ſail duck, Cutlery and Iron Ware, Guns, Anchors, a ſet of Blocks and Pumps for a ſhip and ſloop, Logwood, ſhort Pipes, Earthen Ware, and Manchester Goods: All very reaſonable for Ready Money.*

ALL *Perſons indebted to* Simon Edgell, *of this City, are deſired to come and ſettle, and pay the Ballance of their Accounts, with ſaid* Edgell, *or they muſt expect to be ſued.*

N. B. *There is to be ſold at his Store, oppoſite to* William Fiſhbourn's *Wharff for ready Money, Ozenbrigs, Nails, Shot, Window Glaſs, Looking-Glaſſes, Iriſh Linnens, Woollens, and ſundry other Merchandize at very reaſonable Rates, he intending to depart this Province the latter end of* November.

N. B. *A parcel of likely ſervants juſt arrived from Milford on board the Brigt. Britannia,* John Bond, *Maſter; whoſe Times are to be diſpoſed of by ſaid* Simon Edgel *or ſaid Maſter at Market-ſtreet Wharff.*

To be SOLD,

BY John Snowden, *Tanner*, 450 *Acres of Land on a Branch of* Rariton, *called* Black River, *in* Jerſey; *and near* 200 *Acres further up in the laſt* Indian *Purchaſe; and Two Acres and a Half joining to Judge* Leonard's *Land at* Princetown *near the Tavern. Likewiſe near* 200 *Acres of Land on* Ouldman's Creek *in* Glouceſter *County, Part of it being formerly* John Standbank's, *the other Part lately purchaſed, which ſaid Land hath been lately returned by an Order from the General-Surveyor, and allowed of by the Council of Proprietaries, and is Recorded in* Burlington *according to Orders. Thoſe that have a mind to Purchaſe All, or any Part, may agree with ſaid* Snowden *at his Houſe in* Philadelphia.

Pennſylvania, ſſ. NOTICE is hereby given to all Perſons that are inclinable to become Adventurers in the Lottery for the Sale of One hundred Thouſand Acres of Land in this Province; that the Tickets are ready to be delivered at the Secretary's Office, where Attendance is given every Day (Sundays excepted) from 8 in the Morning till 12 at Noon, and from 3 to 6 in the Afternoon. And if any Perſons require more particular Information relating thereto, than is contained in the printed Propoſals, they may apply to any of the Managers and receive further Satisfaction therein.

JOHN GEORGES, *Secr.*

Pennſylvania, ſſ. WHEREAS it is mentioned in the 2d Article of the Scheme for the Sale of 100,000 Acres of Land, by Way of Lottery, that a Reſervation of three fifth Parts of all Royal Mines, and one fifth Part of all other Mines ſhall be made, free of all Charges for digging and refining the ſame; It is hereby declared that no more than one fifth Part of the Ore of all Mines delivered at the Pit's Mouth (Mines Royal excepted) ſhall be reſerved in all Parents that may hereafter iſſue for the Confirmation of any Lands within this Province. *By Order of the Proprietaries,*

Philad. Aug. 14. 1735. JOHN GEORGES, *Secr.*

ALL *Perſons who are indebted to* Henry Flower, *late Poſtmaſter of* Pennſylvania, *for Poſtage of Letters or otherwiſe, are deſired to pay the ſame to him at the old Coffee-Houſe in* Philadelphia.

Juſt publiſhed,

A Letter to a Friend in the Country, containing the Subſtance of a Sermon preach'd at Philadelphia *in the Congregation of the Rev. Mr.* Hemphill, *concerning the Terms of Chriſtian and Miniſterial Communion.*

2 Corinth. iii. 17.

----- *where the Spirit of the Lord is, there is* Liberty.

Gal. v. 1.

Stand faſt therefore in the Liberty *wherewith Chriſt hath made us* free, *and be not entangled again in the Yoke of Bondage.*

Printed and ſold by B. FRANKLIN *at the* New Printing-Office *near the Market. Price* 6 d.

SUPER FINE CROWN SOAP.

IT *cleanſes fine Linens, Muſlins, Laces, Chinces, Cambricks, &c. with Eaſe and Expedition; which often ſuffer more from the long and hard Rubbing of the Waſher, through the ill Qualities of the* Soap *they uſe, than the Wearing. It is excellent for the Waſhing of Scarlets, or any other bright and curious Colours, that are apt to change by the Uſe of common* Soap. *The Sweetneſs of the Flavor and the fine Lather it immediatly produces, renders it pleaſant for the Uſe of Barbers. It is cut in exact and equal Cakes, neatly put up, and ſold at the* New Printing Office, *at* 1 s. *per Cake.*

VEry good LAMPBLACK made and ſold by the Printer hereof.

VERY *good* COFFEE *ſold by the Printer hereof.*

READY MONEY *for old* RAGS *may be had of the Printer hereof.*

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